

Harnessing Marketplace Power to Improve Health, Environment and Economics

IPM Institute Update to the National IPM Coordinating Committee

10/23/18

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President

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Whole Foods Market 2014 Supplier Award for Outstanding Quality Assurance 2012, 2009 US EPA Sustained Excellence in IPM Award 2009, 2008, 2005, 2004 National Champion, US EPA Pesticide Environmental Stewardship Program 2005 Children's Environmental Health Recognition Award, US EPA Office of Children's Health Protection



How We Make a Difference





~500 growers in the US and Canada, along with six processors and two major buyers working to:

- Continuously improve sustainability throughout the potato supply chain
- Measure and communicate sustainable practices and outcomes
- Minimize duplication of effort and costs
- 77% reduction in pesticide risks vs. no-IPM standard



www.potatosustainabilityinitiative.org

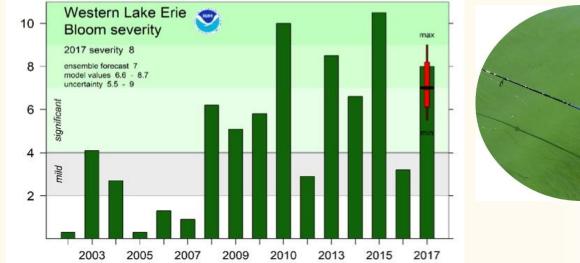
air and water quality * energy and water conservation * recycling and waste reduction * soil health * worker safety Integrated Pest Management and pesticide risk reduction



1. Identify/prioritize hot spots

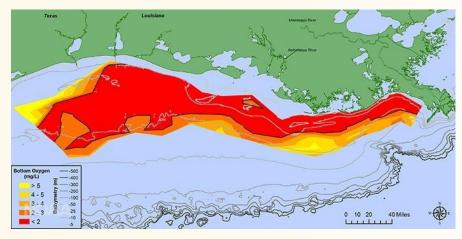
- 2. Set goals
- 3. Take action
- 4. Measure progress
- 5. Communicate!

Our Challenges









Graphs courtesy National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, US Dept. of Commerce. Lake Erie photos courtesy of John Crumrine. Map courtesy of US EPA.

Credit: National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, US Dept. of Commerce





Opportunities!

Product/Service	Total P loss reduction (lbs/acre)	Dissolved Reactive P loss reduction (lbs/acre)
Cover crops	0.63	0.06
Soil tests/apply at Extension recs	0.53	0.11
Variable rate P applications	0.59	0.09
Custom banding	0.39	0.06
Apply in rooting zone (strip till)	0.68	0.10
Notify farmers after P applications to lightly incorporate (2-3")	1.04	0.23
Apply for following crop only	0.10	0.01
Avoid application prior to rain, comply with setbacks, notify farmer of issues, e.g., tile blowouts	??	??



Promotion

4R Nutrient Stewardship for Green Crops and Blue Lakes Inject or band phosphorus (P).

- Lightly incorporate (2-3") P applications; ag retailers can notify customer when applications are made.
- Follow recommendations for setbacks.
- Broadcast P for one crop year at a time only.
- Soil test at least every three years.
- Apply at University recommendations.
- Plant cover crops.
- Consider variable rate application.
- Consider reduced tillage: no till, strip till.
- 4 nutrient stewardshi

Don't

Do

Broadcast without light incorporation.

Broadcast application before heavy rain.

Ag retailers driving stewardship and sustainability

Phosphorus (P) loss from any field is possible. Fields with any of the following conditions may be at higher risk. Your special attention can help prevent P losses.

- Soil test levels are above maintenance.
- Areas with high surface runoff potential:
 - Poorly or imperfectly drained soils.
 - Sloping fields.
 - Fields with less than 30% crop residue cover on soil surface.





PHOSPHORUS LOSS REDUCTION HANDBOOK FOR AGRONOMISTS

2nd Edition published by the IPM Institute of North America Inc. August 2015

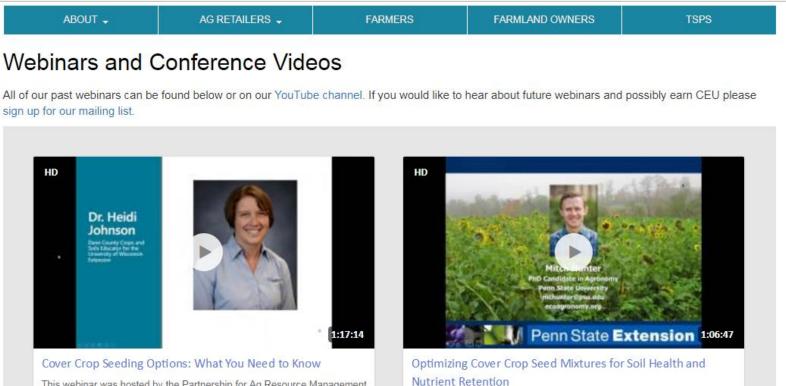






Promotion

③ partnershipfarm.org/webinars/

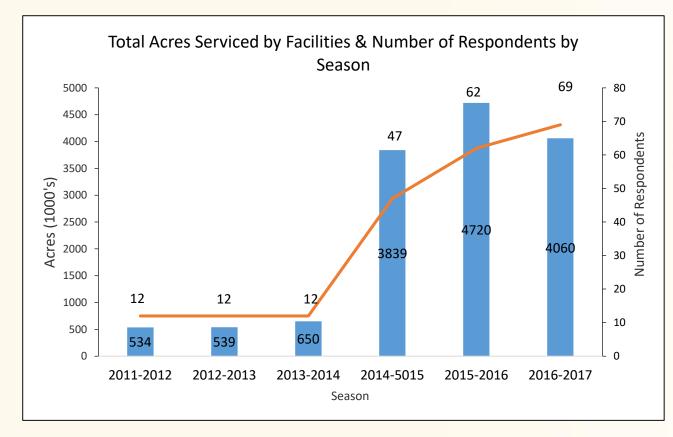


This webinar was hosted by the Partnership for Ag Resource Management on Tuesday, July 25, 2017 at 10AM CST. When properly planted, cover crops have the potential to improve soil health, reduce nutrient losses, and

This webinar was hosted by the Partnership for Ag Resource Management on Tuesday, June 27, 2017 at 10 am CT. You will hear from Mitch Hunter,



Participating Ag Retailers

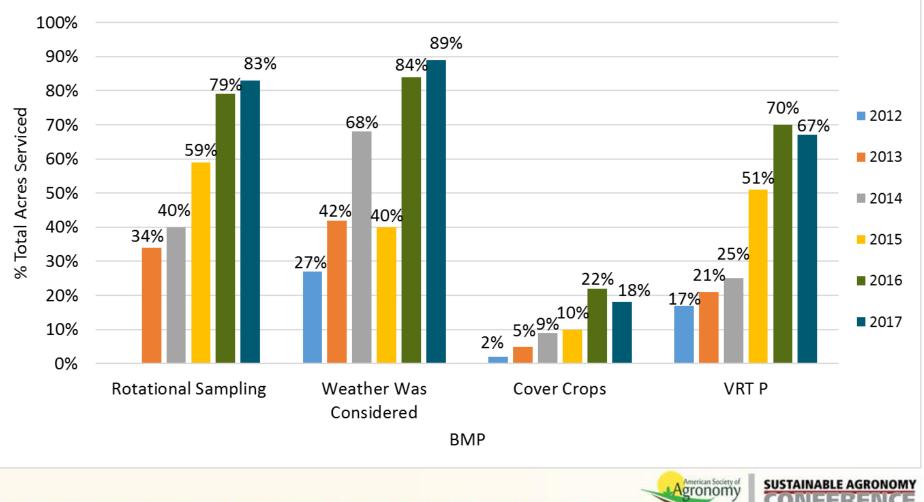


AcresSum4,150,322Average59,290Maximum200,000Minimum4000



Sandusky River Watershed

Major Product and Service Trends 2012-2017 in the Sandusky River Watershed





Pesticide Risk Tool™

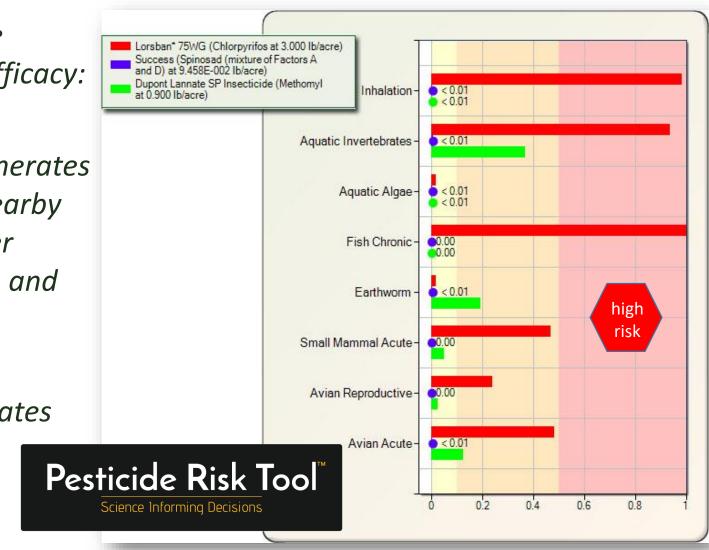
Science Informing Decisions

Environmental	 Aquatic algae Aquatic invertebrates Fish reproductive Avian acute 	 Avian reproductive Earthworm Small mammal
Human Bystander	InhalationAcute dermal workerCancer dermal worker	
Consumer Dietary	Chronic dietaryCancer dietary	
Pollinator	Off cropIn bloomNo bloom	

Growers and advisors: Which should I choose?

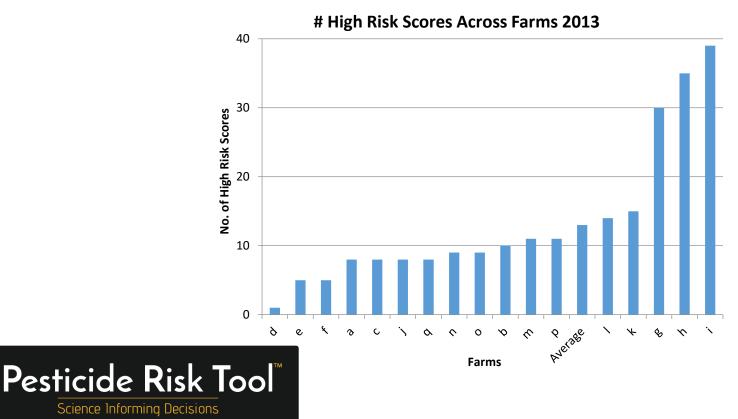
Among acceptable options for cost, efficacy:

- Chlorpyrifos generates high risks for nearby workers or other bystanders, fish and birds.
- Spinosad generates the least risk.



Identifying high risks: Grower spectrum

Which growers have the greatest opportunity to reduce risk?



IPM Identifying low-risk alternatives

Pesticide Ris Science Informing Decis		Avian Acute	Avian Reproductive	Small Mammal Acute	Earthworm	ish Chronic	Aquatic Algae	Aquatic Invertebrates	ollinator In Bloom	ollinator No Bloom	ollinator Off Crop	Human Dietary	nhalation	Dermal Cancer	Consumer Cancer	
Active Ingredient	Product Name	Avi	Avi	Sm	Ear	Fisł	Aqı	Aqı	Pol	Pol	Pol	Hui	Inh	Dei	Č	
chlorantraniliprole	Altacor															
acetamiprid	Assail 30SG															
buprofezin	Centaur WDG															
spinetoram	Delegate WG															
Bacillus thuringiensis	DiPel DF															
pyriproxyfen	Esteem 35 WP															
cyantraniliprole	Exirel															
trifloxystrobin	Flint															
fenbuconazole	Indar 2F															
methoxyfenozide	Intrepid 2F															
spirotetramat	Movento															
boscalid	Dricting															
pyraclostrobin	- Pristine															
phosphorous acid	ProPhyt															
flupyradifurone	Sivanto 200 SL	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND					ND			
kresoxim-methyl	Sovran															

Low Risk Moderate Risk High Risk

ND = No data; no assessment

Harnessing Marketplace Power to Improve Health, Environment and Economics

IPM Institute of North America

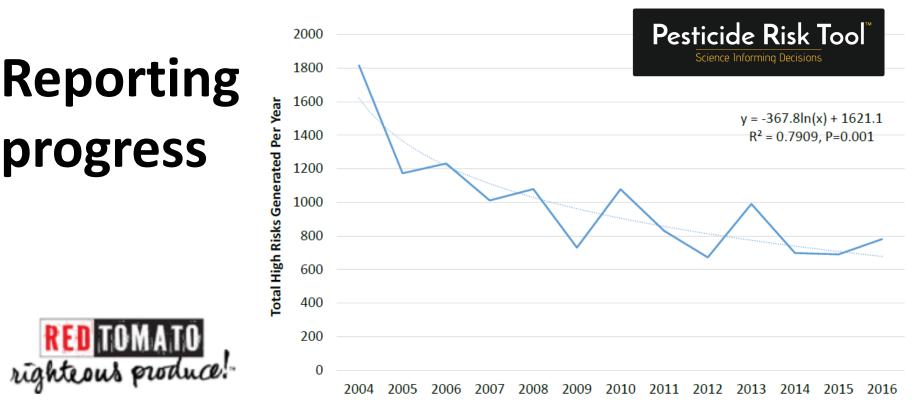


www.redtomato.org









50% reduction in average high risks per application since 2004, including a 35% reduction since 2010.

Users **IPM Institute** of North America





POTAT





Science Informing Decisions



POTATO SUSTAINABILITY INITIATIVE



Kraft*Heinz* **BASIC AMERICAN FOODS**



What's new?

- Goal: Implement PARM model in upper Mississippi River Watershed with support from McKnight Foundation, Clean Lakes Alliance.
- 2. Goal: With The Sustainability Consortium and others, make it easy for growers to produce outcome measures for multiple buyer-driven programs.
- 3. Goal: Establish Tick IPM academy with ESA.
- 4. Goal: With General Mills, train ~800 corn/soy/wheat/oat/sugar beet growers, consultants, grain buyers on IPM priorities developed with Extension.
- 5. Goal: For Field to Market, develop options for member food companies and others to communicate progress in IPM, pesticide risk reduction.
- 6. Rebranding Stop School Pests...



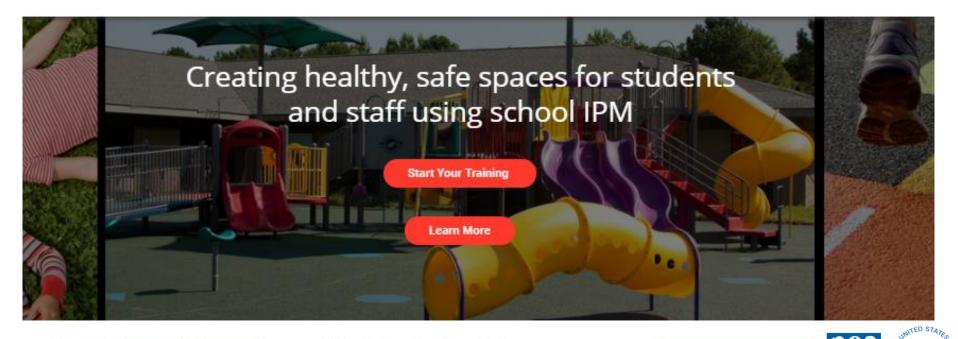
THE PEST DEFENSE FOR HEALTHY SCHOOLS

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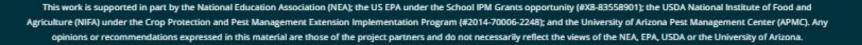
Contact Login



School IPM, or Integrated Pest Management, is an approach for controlling pest problems without unnecessary pesticide use. If your school suffers from infestations of rats, cockroaches, lice or bedbugs, *Stop School Pests* can help. *Stop School Pests* is an online, school health training course for K-12 employees to improve school health. Users can choose from nine online courses, each created for different school staff groups.

Students spend an average of 30 hours each week in school. Therefore, an unhealthy learning environment with hazards from pests and pesticides has a profound effect on their health. For example, mice and cockroaches produce asthma-triggering allergens. In addition, over-reliance on pesticides exposes children and staff to dangerous chemicals. School IPM is a powerful tool for addressing these challenges. In fact, schools transitioning to IPM have reduced pest complaints and pesticide use by over 70%!

The American Academy of Pediatrics recommends school IPM as a proven approach for creating healthy, safe spaces for students and staff. Start your training now and learn how you can make a difference at your school.





Thanks! Let us know how we can help.



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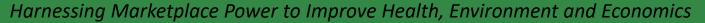
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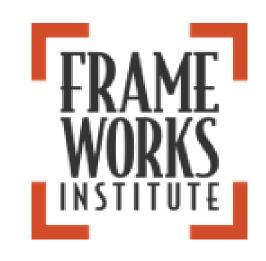
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Liam Selfors Team Member







Farming and Food Narrative Project

Challenge

- Practitioners don't recognize and establish common ground that can lead to coalition building, policy gains.
- Citizens cannot sort out competing claims to make intelligent choices
- No common vision of profitable American farms that produce healthy, safe, and affordable food for all and employ environmentally sound practices



Overall aim is to:

- **Equip us** with messaging to communicate more effectively with non-experts.
- Create more accurate public perceptions about pest management and farming.
- Have citizens and policymakers more aligned with scientific consensus on what's needed for continuous improvement, less driven by fear and distrust.

Products



Farming: Expert Perspective Analysis

Conducted for the Food Narrative Project

Background: What is an expert perspective analysis, and what role does it play in reframing?





As Nature Intended

Mapping the Gaps Between Expert and Public Understandings of Farming

To come in 2019:

"Sticky metaphors", communication campaign with partners

- Farms are human-created ecosystems; pests are inevitable and unpredictable.
- IPM is a scientifically informed decisionmaking process.
 - Pests should be managed only when, and only to a level at which, economic viability is threatened.
 - Pesticides should be **selected and used** to minimize risks to environment, workers, and consumers, and allow farmers to earn a living.
- Market and regulatory demands can be difficult to meet including quality, appearance and sustainability.
 - Adopting practices that benefit the environment and society can be financially costly.

http://escop.info/wpcontent/uploads/2017/10/NIPMCC_PPT11_20171017.pdf Expert story take homes



Farming: Expert Perspective Analysis

Conducted for the Food Narrative Project

Background: What is an expert perspective analysis, and what role does it play in reframing?

Expert and Public OVERLAP

- Farming is an integral part of society.
- Farming practices significantly impact human survival and health.
- Farming is economically risky and challenging work.
- Weather and climactic conditions significantly impact farming and are uncontrollable.
- Good farming practices are financially costly to adopt.
- Organic and locally-grown produce should be supported.
- Scientific research can and should be used to develop and inform good farming and food practices.

Draft Public Perspective take homes



As Nature Intended

Mapping the Gaps Between Expert and Public Understandings of Farming

Expert and Public GAPS

- Farming = complex, expert process
 - Farming = hard, simple labor
- Farming impacts economics, environment; farmer, worker, consumer health.
 - Farming impacts mostly consumer health.
- Good farming = diversity of approaches/practices, innovation
 - Natural is best, turn back to the past.
- Soil health, management important
 - It's all about manure, fertilizer.
- Sustainability = economics, social, environmental
 - Sustainability and ag: confusing, unfamiliar
- Pesticides are necessary tools.
 - Pesticides are never acceptable.
- Solutions include investment in research.
 - Tougher regulations needed.

Draft Public Perspective take homes



As Nature Intended

Mapping the Gaps Between Expert and Public Understandings of Farming

Draft recommendations

- 1. Show examples of specific farming practices that complement and work with nature.
- 2. Emphasize the values behind sustainable agriculture rather than the term itself.
- 3. Explain how practices enhance the natural environment, link these benefits to human health.
- 4. Connect the health and well-being of farmers, farm workers and the public to farming practices.
- 5. Show work farmers do outside of planting seeds or harvesting and watering crops.
- 6. Explain how pesticides are used and *why* they are needed.
- 7. Highlight how investments in science can help ensure good farming practices.

Draft Public Perspective take homes



As Nature Intended

Mapping the Gaps Between Expert and Public Understandings of Farming

What's the value?

... improved public discourse... more accurate public thinking... better policy

Funders to date

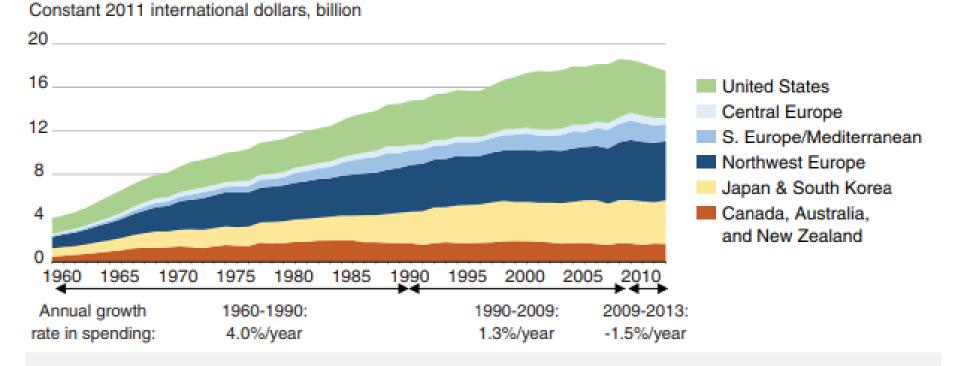


- Questions?
- Suggestions for additional funders?

North Central

The elephant. Are we heading towards a world where the only research that gets done is that which generates private sector revenue?

After many years of increase, real public agricultural R&D investment in high-income countries has fallen since 2009

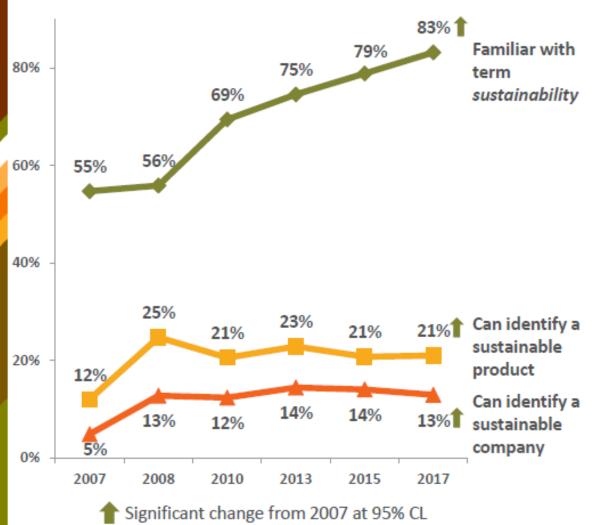


Agricultural Research Investment and Policy Reform in High-Income Countries Paul W. Heisey and Keith O. Fuglie, USDA ERS 2018

https://www.ers.usda.gov/webdocs/publications/89114/err249_summary.pdf?v=0 29

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Glenda Yoder	Farm Aid
Carolyn Mugar	Farm Aid
Kelly Adams	IPM Institute of North America

Familiarity with sustainability reached an all-time high in 2017



This gap between familiarity and concrete association may represent an opportunity for a company to establish a competitive advantage.

A company that can explain in simple terms the connection between actions it takes and sustainability can improve its image with those who are in the World of Sustainability.

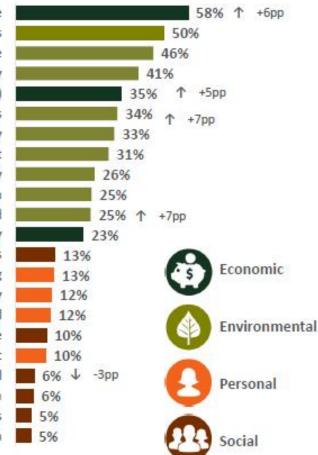


Sustainability as a concept is connected to self-reliance and the land and, therefore, not always reflective of consumers' key interests

Sustainability Means...

Consumer-defined Dimensions Among those familiar with the term

Ability to last over time Conserving natural resources Recycle, reuse, reduce Environmentally friendly Ability to support oneself (self-reliance) Responsible farming methods Responsibility Reducing carbon footprint Maintaining a clean water supply Green Stewardship of land Economic viability Humane treatment of animals Simple living **High quality** All-natural Fair Trade Organic Local Social activism Connecting with others Reduction of meat consumption





Personal well-being drives sustainable food purchases

Importance of Sustainability in Food and Beverage Purchasing

Top 2 Box — 4 or 5 (very important) on 5pt scale





Shoppers often use the ingredient panel to assess transparency, looking for specific evidence of more sustainable ingredients



To Feel a Company Is Open and Honest About Ingredients, I Want to Know They Are...

Free of pesticides	52%
Made in the USA	45%
Free of antibiotics	45%
als or hard-to-pronounce ingredients	44%
Hormone-free	41%
Not tested on animals	38%
Free of artificial ingredients	38%
All natural	36%
GMO-free	36%
Cage-free (for animal products)	29%
Organic	28%
Free-range (for animal products)	27%
Free of potential allergens	25%
Pasture-raised (for animal products)	23%
Made in a country outside the USA	21%
Fair trade ingredients	19%
Glyphosate-free	15%
Vegetarian-fed (for poultry products)	14%
Gluten-free	14%
Dairy-free	11%
Vegetarian or vegan	
, just want to know what's in product	
	8%

Sustainability 2017

